WHEELING, W. VA., TUEŞDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1891.

VOLUME XL--NUMBER 86.

WILL BE FREE TRADE

If Roger Q. Mills Is Elected Speaker of the House.

CRISP'S CAUSE IS SADLY WANING

Because He Is Said to be In Favor of Protection.

FIGHTING FOR CHAIRMANSHIPS

Of the Important Committees-Many of the Candidates Are Said to Have Entered the Race With That End in View--McMillan Thinks He Has a Show-Hatch Arrives on the Ground -Mills "Stands Pat" and Seems to Have a "Full Hand."

Epecial Dispatch to the Intelligencer, Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—Little change has been noted in the speakership contest within the past twenty-four hours. Mr. Mills is apparently yet in the lead, and has the largest number of second choice votes. His reserve strength is believed to be far in advance of any of the other candidates. Mr. Crisp; of Georgia, is regarded as a waning candidate. Crisp's district has enjoyed a great manufacturing boom enjoyed a great manufacturing boom within the past year. It owes its prosperity to a protective tariff, and Crisp must therefore favor protection, mild though it may be. If he is the least tainted with protection he is not in line with the vast majority of the Democratic members of the house, four-fifths cratic members of the house, four-fifths of whom are out and out free traders, and thus he is between two fires. Should he desire the speakership more than a continuance in congress he would renounce all tendency toward protection. But if he would prefer a return to congress rather than a single term as speaker he would hold to the best interests of his district and lose his present fight.

his present fight.

Mr. Springer, of Illinois, continues to play hist and loose with everyone, claiming to be every and anything for the purpose of antagonizing no one, hoping he may be the compromise candidate.

didate.

Mr. Mills yet "stands pat" on the Cleveland, free trade and anti-silver platform, believing that the ex-President's power will pull him through.

Hatch, of Missouri, and McMillan, of Tennessee, are understood to be playing for committee positions. The first wants to be chairman of the ways and means committee, and the latter appropriations. Bynum of Indiana Holman priations. Bynum, of Indiana, Holman priations. Bynum, of Indiana, Holman, of the same state, McMillian, Hatch, Crisp and a half dozen others beside Mills, expect either the chairmanship of the appropriations, or ways and means committees, if not speaker. Should Mills be elected Bynum will probably be chairman of the ways and means committee, and Sayres, of Texas, of the appropriations committee.

MILLS MOST CONFIDENT

Of Obtaining the Prize—What Other Can didates Claim.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.-With the beginning of the last week before the meeting of Congress, representatives are flocking to Washington in increasing numbers, and their presence is giving renewed interest to the Speakership

ing numbers, and their presence is giving renewed interest to the Speakership contest. The situation is now beginning to assume clearer outlines and interesting developments may result any day between this and Saturday.

All five of the avowed candidates are now in Washington, Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, having arrived to-day. Messrs. Crisp and Mills are each very sanguine of whning, and each expressed a belief that the contest will be short, sharp and decisive. Messrs. Springer, McMillan and Hatch express themselves as of the opinion that the fight in caucus will be of considerableduration. Each of these gentlemen says he is in the fight to the end, and each sees in a prolonged fight a fair chance of ultimate victory. The friends of Mr. Crisp state to-day that after climinating all uncertain votes they figured innety-two votes on which they could count. They expect at least one hundred votes on the first ballot and prophecy Mr. Crisp's election by, or before, the second ballot.

Mr. Mills was in excellent spirits and confident of election.

"How many ballots would there be?"
"Only one."
"And yourself, the speaker?"
"Of course."

'And yourself, the speaker?"

"Of course."

This being the dialogue between an Associated Press reporter and Mr. Mills to-day. Mr. Mills also said that everything was progressing satisfactorily and things were unmistakably shaping

things were unmistakably shaping themselves in his favor.

Mr. Springer has quite an array of friends at his headquarters, and others are expected from Illinois to aid him.

Mr. McMillan said that besides Tennessee's solid vote he expected to get a good part of the votes of Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi and West Virginia, together with votes from Virginia and scattering votes from other states.

Louisana, Mississippi and West Virginia, together with votes from Virginia and scattering votes from other states. Representative Hatch and party did not arrive until late this atternoon, as the train on which they traveled was detained by a wreck. Governor Francis and a large delegation from Missouri are expected here Wednesday to aid Mr. Hatch. Mr. Hatch stated to an Associated Press reporter this evening that he was in the race for the speakership in good faith. The headquarters of the various candidates were crowded with their friends until late in the ovening. There were no developments, however, so far as known, and the battle is still between the five avowed candidates.

There is as yet no talk of any withdrawal from the race, Each candidate, according to the statements of his friends, is in the contest to stay to the end. There was some little talk tonight, but a very little indeed, of a possible dark horse in the event of a protracted struggle.

What McKinley Thluks.

PHTSBURGH, Nov. 30.-Governor-elect McKinley, of Ohio, passed through this steatmer, of Onio, passed through this city this morning on his way home. In regard to the speakership contest he said: "The speakership contest is causing a deep agitation in Democratic circles. Mr. Mills seems to have the strongest backing of his party, and it is very likely that he will be the next wielder of the gavel."

AN HONORABLE BURIAL Will be Given the Remains of "Land Bill" Allen at Columbus. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 30 .- The citizens held a meeting to-night to take action in the death of "Land Bill" Allen. It was decided to purchase a lot in Greenlawn cemetery, and the funeral will be held in one of the city churches. All of the labor organizations will be present. The city papers will start subscriptions to carry out these plans, and all the money remaining after the funeral expenses are paid will be turned over to the monument fund.

For Funeral Expenses.

A telegram was received last night from Columbus saying that Chairman Ferdinand Persities, of the citizens' committee, said that he could use the funds contributed here through the INFELLIGENCER for the relief of "Land Bill" Allon to pay functions. INFILIGENCE. for the relief of "Land Bill" Allen, to pay funeral expenses, including the purchase of a lot, and whatever is left after these expenses are met will be applied toward placing a monument on his grave. A telegram was sent to him telling him that the money would be sent him for that purpose.

Campbell's Pardon List. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

Columbus, O., Nov. 30. - Governor Campbell to-day granted pardons or commutations of sentence, the effects of commutations of sentence, the effects of which were the same, to four murderers. They are as follows: John Moore, convicted in Hamilton county June, 1876, August Wachter, sent up from Fairfield county, 1888, for killing a desperado named Smelzer; Samuel Durham, unconditionally pardoned, was sent up from Lorain county for killing a constable who was in the act of arresting his son; William Taylor received a 15 year sentence for manslaughter. All the men were released to-day.

Patsey Elliott's Case Postponed.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 30.—The trial of murderer Patsey J. Elliott for the killing of old man Hughes and Albert C. Osborne, has been continued until the next term of court. This was done on the ground that Bill Elliott's case, now in the supreme court, should be first disposed of, and that there is lack of time to try the case this term.

HILL'S CRIME.

Prominent Lawyers Retained to Push the

Cases in Court.

New York, Nov. 30. — Joseph H. Choate has been retained by the Republican leaders of this state to represent the party in its efforts to prevent Hill and his servants from stealing the legislature. He is now engaged looking

legislature. He is now engaged looking up the case, and will have the general direction of it.

Associated with him is a formidable array of legal talent, including Judge Lester W. Russell, William A. Sutherland, candidate for attorney general in the recent election, J. F. Parkhurst, of Bath; Robert F. Wilkinson; Mr. Nottingham, of Syracnse; and James A. Blanchard, counsel of the Republican National League. Matthew Hale, of Albany, will, in all probability, be retained, and possibly one or two other equally prominent members of the bar. The retention of these gentlemen means that the Republican managers.

tained, and possibly one or two other equally prominent members of the bar.

The retention of these centlemen means that the Republican managers are going to fight lill with all the power of the law. They are going to appeal to the courts for justice, making this appeal through men of the highest character and attainments. A careful consideration of all the cases in dispute has been made, and a plan of action has been agreed upon. Instead of being managed separately and independently as heretofore, each case will have the guidance of the entire counsel, as the attorney in direct charge of it will be in communication with the leading counsel in this city. The result of this arrangement cannot full to be of the greatest importance. No matter when the State Board of Canvassers takes up the disputed districts, whether to-morrow, next day, or a fortnight hence, the Republican side will be proceed.

RUN ON A BANK

Because it Refused to Pay a Doubtful

Mansfield Valley, Pa., Nov. 30.-A run was started on R. C. Burgan's Bank at Mansfield Valley, Pa., this afternoon, caused by the refusal of the cashier to pay a doubtful check on the Second National Bank of Pittsburgh. The bank closed its doors for about one hour when funds were immediately procured and the doors were reopened. All demands were met from from the All demands were met from from the bank, it remaining open until 5:20 o'clock this evening, and succeeding in paying every call. They will continue to do so, as they are in good shape. Confidence is shown to-night by the most conservative depositors in their willingness to deposit upwards of \$10,000. Mr. Burgan assures all depositors that all demands will be paid in full.

Given for What It is Worth.

CINCINNATI, Omo, Nov. 30 .- A specia from Central, West Virginia, says: John Carse, a wealthy Ritchie county farmer, was ambushed near Toll Gate, this county, last inght, as he was return-ing from church, and fatally snot. A man named Collins, between Carse and man named collins, between Carse and whom there had been a feud of long standing, is charged with leading the attack, and has disappeared. Carse's friends are arming and intend pursuing Collins.

Insurance Company Fails. READING, PA., Nov. 30.—In court here

to-day a receiver was appointed for the Alliance Fire Insurance Company, of this city. J. R. Jones, of Philadelphia, a policy holder, whose loss was not paid, filed a bill alleging that the company was insolvent, and the company onicers admitted that it could not meet it losses.

Will Relieve the Baltimore.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 30 .- The U. S. steamer Yorktown arrived at Lola, Chile, yesterday. She is expected to reach Valparaiso to-morrow, and will probably relieve the Baltimore, which has been afloat since last March with-out docking.

Secretary Foster's Condition Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—Secretary Foster continues to improve slowly, and expects to be able to resume his official duties by the end of this week.

FOR FIFTY YEARS.

Continuation of Archbishop Ken rick's Golden Jubilee,

TRAITS OF HIS CHARACTER.

If He Had Not Defled the Pope and Questioned His Infallibility He Would Have Been a Cardinal To-Day-His Business Abilities and Upright Life Commend Him to the Respect of All-The Jubilee Services Yesterday,

Sr. Louis, Nov. 30.-On November 30, 1841, just fifty years ago, Peter Richard Kenrick was consecrated a Bishop of the Roman Catholic Church. To-day, the fiftieth anniversary of his conse-cration, his golden jubilee is being celebrated with a pomp and glorification that has never before been witnessed excepting on the occasion of the golden jubilee of Leo XIII. The celebration has been made grand for the reason that Archbisnop Kenrick is among the foremost men in the church; because of his sterling qualities and purity of character; because of his deep piety and great learning, and because he has at all times been the friend of the poor and oppressed. He is universally beloved and especially by citizens of St. Louis, to very many of whom he has not only administered religious consolation but on various occasions extended much needed financial aid. As a business man he was recognized to be the peer of any. The financial affairs of the archdiocose have been so well managed that never have private or individual foremost men in the church; because of peer of any. The financial affairs of the archdiocese have been so well managed that never have private or individual contributions been solicited for the support of any church, institution of learning, or of relief. The schools, convents, hospitals and homes of the Roman church in St. Jouis have all been erected and operated with the greatest success through his efforts. Only once before has the golded jubilee of a bishop been celebrated, that of John McHale, archbishop of Tuam, Ireland, cleven years ago. It is an event so rare that the whole world is interested in it, and in this case not simply because such celebrations are infrequent, but because Archbishop Kenrick has filled these fifty years with usefulness and good, and were it not for the fact that on a notable occasion he incurred the displeasure of the Holy See by declaring boldly his unbelief in the infallibility of the pope, he would now be a prince of the church. It is related in connection with the above that had he not virtually defied the head of the Roman church he would have been created a cardinal long before this. have been created a cardinal long before

THE GRAND PONTIFICAL MASS.

The grand pontifical mass, commemorative of the occasion, began at 9 o'clock in the historic old cathedral on Walnut street. It was the most im-Walnut street. It was the most impressive ceremony ever seen in a Catholic church in this city, the leading representatives of the Roman Catholic hierarchy of the United States officiating. An hour before this grand ceremony the venerable archbishop said mass privately in his own chapel, and then repaired to the cathedral, where, in cape and mitre, he assisted the cardinal. As has been stated the jubilec sermon was delivered by his grace, Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, who for years held the coadjutor bishopric of this province. Preceding the mass there was an impressive procession from the Catholic parish school, situated next to the church, to the main entrance to the cathedral.

The officers of the mass and the school

The officers of the mass and the school The officers of the mass and the school then formed and marched out to Walnut street in the following order. Cross bearer, acolytes, priests in cassock and surplice, superiors of religious order, monsignori, mitred abbots, bishops archbishops, his grace of St. Louis with attendants, his eminence, James, Cardinal Gibbons, with the officers of the mass.

mass.

In the march out from the yard and up the steps of the church, the venerable archbishop walked under a canopy, which was carried by the attendants appointed for the occasion.

AN UNUSUAL CEREMONY.

The pontifical mass was somewhat unique, as it has not occurred in this city for a number of years. The ceremonies differ from usual high mass, in that they were more impressive and elaborate. The altar was dressed in magnificent style with flowers, evermagnificent style with flowers, ever-greens and colors. An illuminated cru-cids adorned the tabernacle. On the epistle side was the cardinal's throno, decorated with cardinal silk and bunt-ing. Directly opposite was the arch-bishop's throne. Kneeling stools and chairs were provided forthe other ciergy participating. After the cardinal had vested, he proceeded to the foot of the altar, meanwhile blessing the clergy and the people. He then said the 'in-troit," and incensed the altar, after which he passed between the deacons which he passed between the deacons to his throne.

which he passed between the deacons to his throne.

After the choir sang the "Kyrie" the cardinal intoned the "Gloria in excelsis." After the sermon the "credo" was recited by the cardinal, his assistants, the deacons, sub-deacons and all the assistant priests. He then read the offertory, and following this read the mass in the usual manner. The ceremony concluded with the solemn Episcopal blessing.

The music of the mass was given on a grand scale. The mass was given on a grand scale. The mass was selected for the occasion, Gounod's "Messe Solemn-cill de Sainto Cecile." It was rendered by fifty trained voices, under the direction of Joseph Otten, accompanied by an orchestra of thirty-six pieces and the organ.

After the positified wass. As Absticked.

organ.
After the pontifical mass Archbishop Kenrick, Cardinal Gibbons, Arch-bishop Ryan and all the visiting archbishops and priests were driven to the bishops and priests were driven to the Lindell hotel, where a banquet was ten-dered Archbishop Kenrick and his guests. The toasts were responded to by visiting prelates.

THE BANQUET.

The Cardinal and Archbishop Kenrick marched arm in arm into the banquet hall, followed by the archbishops hishops, monsignori and priests. The archbishop was scated at the head of the table, with the cardinal on his right and Archbishop Elder on his left. Archbishops were scated in their order of seniority.

and after the menu was finished Vicar General Brady read to Archbishop Kenrick an address from the clergy of the diocese. The venerable archbishop, deeply moved by the expressions of love from his priests, arose and made a short but affecting response. Rev. Father Goller then made an address of welcome to Cardinal Gibbons and the visiting clergymen. Father Coffee, the toastmaster, then announced the first toast, which was responded to by Cardinal Gibbons. The toast was "Our Holy Father, Lee XIII." Cardinal Gibbons said: "The name of Leo XIII will live in history. It will figure as the peer of his great namesake, Leo I, and the Gregories and the Innocents who have reflected so much glory on the Church of God. Leo has proved himself to be not only a man of God, but also a man of the people. Like his divine master, he can say 'I have compassion on the multitude, and I desire to break forthwith the bread of consolation."

"In one of his first encyclicals entitled, 'Eterni Patris,' the Holy Father invites the student of divinity and the Christian priest to ascend like Moses the Mount of God, there to commune with their maker and to study the mysteries of the kingdom of heaven."

In his luminous encyclical on the constitution of Christian states, our Holy Father proclaims the fundamental its sometimes forgotten or controverted, that the Catholic religion is adapted to all the times and all places, and that she finds herself at home under every form of government.

She is at home not only under monarchial systems, but also under republican forms of government. Thank God, we can hear this evening echo back the

She is at home not only under monarchial systems, but also under republican forms of government. Thank God, we can hear this evening echo back the sentiments of our Holy Father, and in the light of experience and observation can athem that, while the church has had to struggle, and while she still struggles for existence under the dark shadows of despotic rule, she grows and expands like the oak of the forest under the free air of our republican institutions. Nowhere does the church of God enjoy greater liberty than here, and nowhere else does she advance with more rapid strides.

THE LABOR QUESTION.

THE LABOR QUESTION.

In his latest encyclical on labor the Holy Father proclaims the rights and dignity of labor and the laboring man. He tells us that Christ by his teachings and example has ennobled labor and that ever since he toiled at his trade in Nazareth he has shed a halo around the workshop. In all his public utterances the pope proves that he is abreast with the times and that he is in sympathy the pope proves that he is abreast with the times and that he is in sympathy with the legitimate aspirations of humanity. We are grateful to the Holy Father for his paternal interest in the American church. We are grateful to him for the affection he has always manifested toward the clergy and the people of the United States. We thank him for his message of benediction to the venerable Metropolitan of St. Louis on the occasion of his golden jubilee—a patriarchal prelate in chosen honor we are assembled here this evening, and who is the connecting link between the past and present, who has seen the Church of America in her struggling youth, and who beholds her to-day in her majestic developments.

In closing he said:
"And now, most reverend archbishop, with heartfelt pleasure, I discharge my commission by handing you the gift from the pope." (This ciff is a portrait of His Holiness in a handsome gold frame, brought from Rome by the pope's chamberlain, Monsignor O'Breyan).

Other toasts were responded to as fol-

Other toasts were responded to as follows: "The Catholic Church in the United States," by Most. Rev. Archbishop M. A. Corrigan, "Our Country," by Rev. Joseph Gwimmelsman, President of the St. Louis Jesuit University, "The Church in Louisian," by More deut of the St. Louis Jesuit University.

"The Church in Louisiana," by Rev.
Archbishop Janssens, of New Orleans.

"The Province of St. Louis," by Bishop
Hennessey, of Dubuque.

This closed the banquet, and the
prelates dispersed to meet ngain this
evening at the archbishop's residence
to review the torchlight parade.

A NEW PITCHER

For Phitsburgh Secured by Ex-Manager Buckenberger, of This City. Pittsburgh, Nov. 30.—There is every prospect that the Pittsburgh club will

be strengthened. The club has two agents out after new players and they may effect a few captures. One good man was lost by hold-

ing off too long. Ex-Manager Buckenberger, who has been doing a little player-hunting for the team, came home to-day. He had Ehret's contract with him. "I think he will prove a good man for Pitts-burgh," says Buckenberger. "He pitched elegantly for Sioux City the past season. In the St. Louis games he

past season. In the St. Louis games he went in three consecutive days and beat the Browns. It was fearfully cold weather, but yet he exhibited great "Ehret is a big man, has speed, an excellent curve ball, and is about as cool a pitcher when at work as one would want to find. No matter whether

the opponents are banging out hard hits, he still retains his composure, "Did I get Danny Lyons for third? No. I was a few hours too late, for on

Saturday morning Lyons signed with the Chicago Association club. He would have been pleased to play here. I saw Hoyle in Cincinnati and he is very anxious to play in this city, and if it is possible Pittsburgh will get him."

Fasted for Five Month

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 30 .- A Post special from Braddock says: Mrs. Mary Me-Veagh, who has been fasting for 148 days, died at noon to-day. Mrs. Me-Veagh has been suffering with a cancer in her mouth, and has subsisted on buttermilk, wine and laudanum. She was sixty-eight years old.

New York Frostbitten. Taov, N. Y., Nov. 30 .- The tempera-

ture in this city this morning was four above zero, and in exposed localities it fell to zero. At Saratoga it was 8 below and in the Adirondacks from 14 to 20 below, being 18 below at Sarnac lake.

Dr. Hall's Assailant.

New York, Nov. 30 .- John G. Roth, the insane real estate agent, who fired the three shots at Rev. Dr. John Hall. rehbishops were scated in their order seniority.

Cardinal Gibbons opened with grace, no doubt of Roth's insanity.

THE M'KINLEY BILL

On Trial Before the United States Supreme Court.

THREE FIRMS PROTEST AGAINST

The Constitutionality of the Law-The Sugar Bounty Clause, the Delegation of Power to the President, and the Omission of the Tobacco Rebate Clause Some of the Arguments -The Case Continued.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—Three tariff cases, involving the constitutionality of the McKinley tariff act came up for argument in the United States Supreme Court this afternoon. All the justices were present. Notwithstanding the great importance of the suits, only a small audience listened to the argument. The three cases before the court are those of Boyd, Sutton & Co., Sternbach & Co., of New York City, and Marshall Field & Co., of Chicago, against the collectors of customs of New York and Chicago respectively.

Three points are involved in the de cision of these suits. The court heard all the cases as one, and made an order by which to each of the attorneys repby which to each of the attorneys representing the three firms was assigned one of the points at issue to be reviewed in the opening argument. As the argument progressed the justices of the court asked a few leading questions.

Mr. W. W. Smith, of New York, argued the bounty clause, contending that bounties were unconstitutional and that the bounty serion invalidated the

that the bounty section invalidated the

whole act.

Chief Justice Fuller asked if the record showed that any money had been paid under the sugar bounty clause by his clients.

Mr. Smith did not know as to that, but they had a right to complain because laxes were increased on their goods, for the purpose, as they believed, of paying the sugar bounty.

In answer to Justice Gray, he reiterated his opinion that the whole act was unconstitutional because of the sugar bounty.

inconstitutional because of the sugar bounty.

Edwin B. Smith, ex-assistant attorney general, now of New York, argued the reciprocity feature of the McKinley act, maintaining that it was a delegation of the taxing power to the President, which vitiated the whole act.

N. W. Bliss, of Chicago, argued the third point that the law was unconstitutional because of the omission of the tobacco rebate section from the bill as signed by the President.

After she had stated his objection, Justice Bradley asked: "Your position then is, that wherever an enrolling clerk by accident or by fraud happens to omit a section of a law, although that law is reported to the President and signed as a law, it is void?"

Mr. Bliss.—'Yes, sir.'

The argument will be continued tomorrow.

AN EARNEST OF PEACE. The New Chilean Government Will Be At

the World's Fair. CHICAGO, Nov. 30 .- Acting Secretary of State Wharton to-day sent the following notice to Director General Davis

lowing notice to Director General Davis of the World's Fair: "I have to apprise you of the receipt of a telegram from the minister of the United States at Santiago, as follows:
 "The Chilean government confirms and continues the arrangements made by the late government for Chilean representation at the Chileapo Expestion. Special Commissioner Harlow will now work vigorously and has great hopes to secure a splendid exhibit."
 This action of the Chilean government is a surprise to the fair officials, and seems to indicate that the government of that republic believes there is no possibility of war.

CAPT. ARMSTRONG'S SUIT

For Divorce-The Duke of Orleans' Attorneys Raise Pertinent Questions.

Loxpon, Nov. 20 .- Counsel for Cont Armstrong, who has commenced an action for divorce against his wife, Madame Melba, the well-known opera singer, applied to the divorce court to-day for leave to take evidence in Vienna and at Ouchy, in Switzerland, regarding the relations which Madame Melba had the relations which Madame Melba had with the Duke of Orleans, the co-re-spondent, at these places. The regis-trar adjourned a decision, giving as his reason that no answer had been filed to the complaint of Capt. Armstrong by either Madame Melba or the Duke of

Orleans.

The solicitors for the duke were present in court and protested that the English court had no jurisdiction over their client, who, they said, had no domicile in England.

FRENCH RECIPROCITY.

A Member of the Chamber Suggests Some-thing in That Line.
Paris, Nov. 30.—The Associated Press

report on the effects of the McKinley tariff law in France is reproduced by all the leading journals of Paris, and is pronounced a most interesting docu-ment.

Apropos of the question of the admission of American pork, M. Siegfried, member of the Chamber of Deputies says that the United States will be abl says that the United States will be able to introduce salt meats in spite of the French duty, but if the United States Congress would diminish the duties on French sills, woolens and cottons, a reduction of the French duties on American imports would be readily granted. A treaty of commerce with the United States, he added, was most desirable.

LONDON, Nov. 30 .- The Rome corres pondent of the Chronicle says that the Pope disapproves the anti-republican agitation by Catholies in France arising from the prosecution of the Archbishop of Aix, and has instructed the papal nuncio in Paris to try to suppress the agitation.

English Bondbolders Don't Like It. London, Nov. 30 .- Several interview were had to-day with leading English holders of Virginia bonds in regard to the latest plan for funding the state debt. All of them were bitterly op-posed to the proposed plan of settle-ment.

CHINESE REBELS

Are Pushing Forward, and the Govern-

PEKIN, Nov. 20 .- The government is fully aware of the serious condition which confronts it, and every possible step is being taken to break the strength of the rebels before they get within striking distance of the capital.

Striking distance of the capital.

There is much excitement here among all classes of the population, and the authorities believe is they can inflict a defeat upon the rebel forces it will have a good effect upon them. It is believed that many of the people are secretly in favor of the rebels, but should the imperial forces do battle with the insurgents and defeat them the malcontents would then side with the green upon the side with the sid gents and defeat them the malcontents would then side with the government. Consternation prevails among the Protestant missionaries in the district through which it is expected the rebels will pass. The local officials at Tsunha have declared that they are powerless to protect the missionaries, and that if they desired to save their lives they had better seek safety in flight. The missionaries at Tsunha have therefore abandoned their stations and sought refuge in safer parts of the country.

A Narrow Escape.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—A remarkable but not very serious accident occurred at not very serious accident occurred at Portsmouth while the harbor was shrouded in thick fog. During the time the outlines of the shore were thus hidden from sight the British troopship Crocodile, with 1,400 men aboard, ran against the structure on which is built the extension of the harbor railway. She was moving at full speed. She struck the massive supports of the railway and the force of the shock was so great that fifty yards of the railway were destroyed and three carriages which had been standing on the track were rolled into the sea. Great alarm was felt, but no one was killed, and, singularly enough, the troop-ship escaped damage. caped damage.

Russian Bourse Feverish.

LONDON, Nov. 30 .- The Standard's St. Petersburg correspondent says: There was almost a panic on the bourse here Saturday, owing to a belief in the latest Saturday, owing to a belief in the latest financial rumors concocted in Berlin, and to increasing faith in the report that Emperor William had decided to resign his honorary coloneley of Russian regiments, and that the object of the journey of M. DeGiers to Berlin was to dissuade the German Emperor from taking such a step. These reports were untrue, although there is reason to believe that the Kaiser contemplated resigning his honorary Russian commands.

Monkeyed with a Bomb.

London, Nov. 30 .- Five boys while LONDON, Nov. 30.—Five boys while playing on the beach at Southampton found a bomb imbedded in the sand. They did not know what it was, and began playing with it, tossing it from one to the other and rolling it along the shore. While they were engaged in their sport the bomb exploded and pieces of it flew in every direction. One of the boys was instantly killed, another so badly injured that he is now dying, and the other three were so badly wounded that small hopes are enterwounded that small hopes are enter-

tained for their recovery. Why DeGlers Wasn't Feted. Berlin, Nov. 30.—The fact that M.

Berlin, Nov. 20.—The fact that M. DeGiers, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs was not specially feted by the German court on the occasion of his visit has clicited much public comment here. The Post, referring to the apparent lack of proper attention to the Russian statesman, explains that M. DeGiers came to Berlin, not in his official capacity, but as a private individual, and for this reason the government deemed it unnecessary to bestow the special honors on the distinguished visitor.

Two More Sulcides.
BERLIN, Nov. 30.—It will be remem-Beillin, Nov. 30.—It will be remembered that when Friedlander & Sommerfield failed a short time ago the Sommerfields, father and son, committed suicide. The failure of the firm has resulted in two more deaths. It appears that the firm of Paarmann & Cohen, wholesale watch dealers, lost 125,000 marks through the collapse of Friedlander & Sommerfield. This fact so preyed on their minds that last night hash the partners procured revolvers. both the partners procured revolvers and shot and killed themselves in their

French Miners' Strike Ended.

Prench Miners' strike Ended.

Panis, Nov. 20.—A dispatch from Arras, the capitol of the department of Pas de Clais, announces the ending of the great coal miners' strike in that district. A number of delegates representing the miners held a meeting, and it was decided finally that work would be resumed in all the mines to-morrow. The dispatch does not state whether the mine owners have made concessions or whether the men return to work on the masters' terms. The strike has lasted over two weeks. lasted over two weeks.

Affairs in Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 30 .- Smallpox is again epidemic in Guatemala and Honduras. The suffering, owing to the Hondures. The suffering, owing to the searcity of provisions in the interior, is intense. It is feared that rioting will break out among the famine stricken populace. The government has as yet taken no active steps to alleviate the suffering. A bull fight is being arranged in this city for the benefit of the sufferers in the state of Chiapao. The state is unable financially to aid the people.

A Rough Voyage. LONDON, Nov. 30 .- The mate of the

schooner D. H. Rivers, arrived at Liverpool from St. Simon, says that the weather encountered by the vessel on the voyage was the worst he had ever experienced. The captain was washed overboard and it was impossible to give overboard and it was in the slightest assistance,

As to Black Onts.

Moscow, Nov. 30.—In response to representations made by the prefect of Labau, M. Vishnegradsky, the minister of finance, has decided to recommend to the exarthat the prohibition of the export of black oats be withdrawn.

Weather Forecast for To-day. For West Virginia, much warmer, south winds and clear weather; warmer and fair Weatherslay. For Western betteryteam and Ohio, warmer, southwest whats clear weather; warmer and likely fair Weatherdy.

TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY,
as fornished by C. Schner, drugglit. Opera
House corner: